Indian Language Lexical Resources

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The Genesis

Universal Networking Language

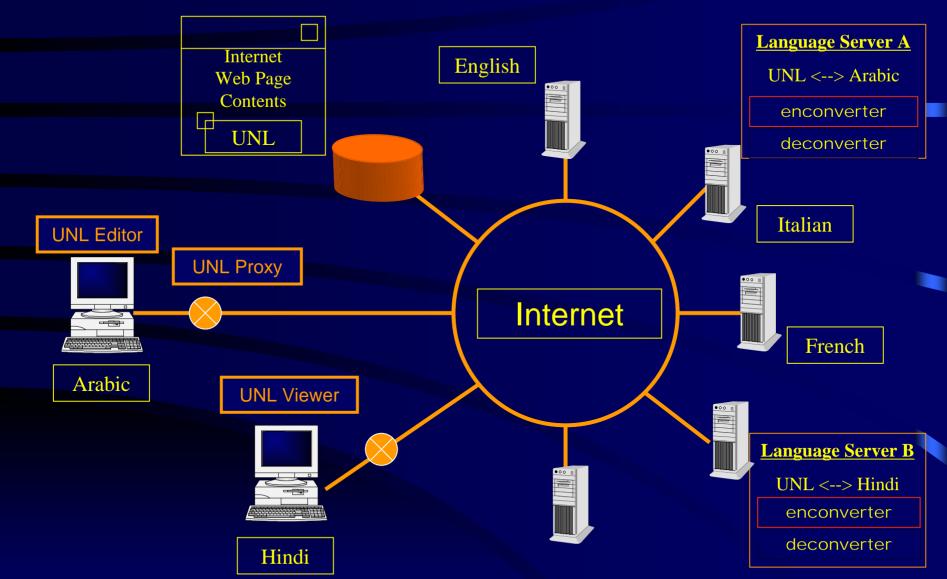
Common language for computers to express information written in natural language

- Large International Effort, IIT Bombay became a part in 1996
- •Application:

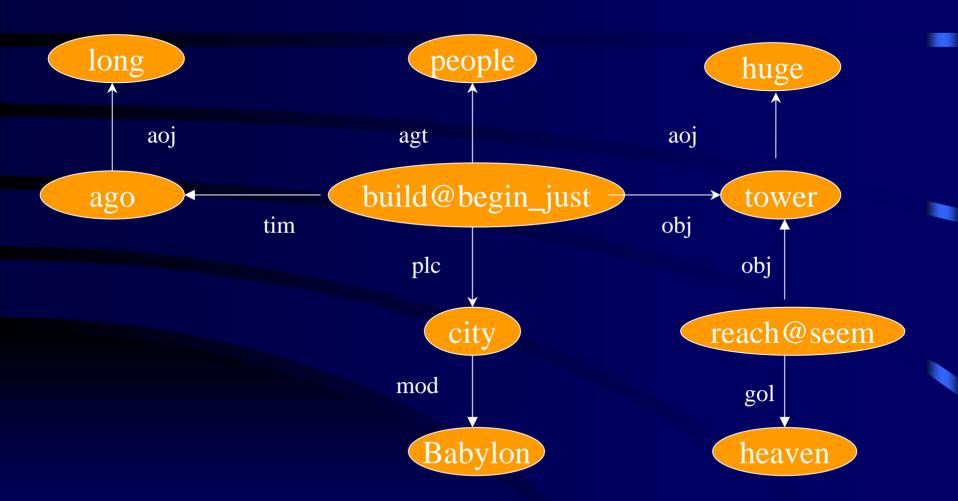
Electronic language to overcome language barrier

Information Distribution System

The UNL System



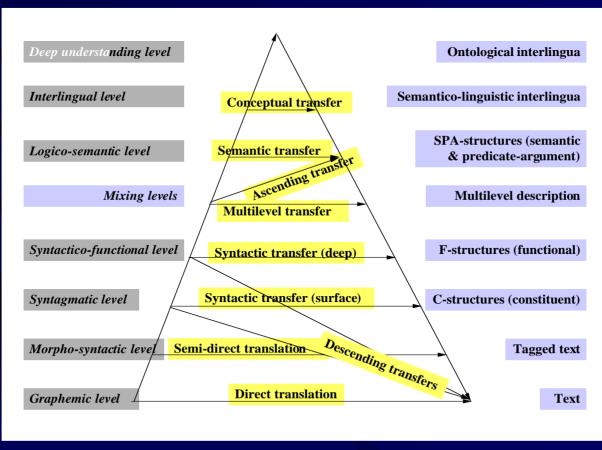
Long ago, in the city of Babylon, the people began to build a huge tower, which seemed about to reach the heavens.



Kinds of MT Systems

(point of entry from source to the target text)

<u>fwd</u>



Universal Word

- Vocabulary of the UNL
- A UW represents a concept
 - 1) Basic UW
 - 2) Restricted UW
- ex) spring(icl>tool) spring(icl>season)

Languages Covered

- 6 UN official Languages.
 Arabic, Chinese, English, French,
 Spanish, Russian

Lexicon

Format of the Lexicon
 [HW] {ID} "UW" (ATTRIB1, ATTRIB2,....) <FLG,FRE,PRI>;

• Examples:

```
[Bird] {} "bird (icl>animal>concrete volitional thing)" (N,ANI,SG,CONCRETE)<E,0,0>; [try] {} "try(icl>event)" (V,PRES,SIMPL,DISC)<E,0,0>; [from] {} "from" (PRE,INI,PLC,TIME,INEFF)<E,0,0>; [What] {} "what"(PRON,INTER,WH-WORD)<E,0,0>;
```

From the English wordnet: Bird

- The noun bird has 5 senses (first 2 from tagged texts)
- 1. (31) bird -- (warm-blooded egg-laying vertebrates characterized by feathers and forelimbs modified as wings)
- 2. (1) bird, fowl -- (the flesh of a bird or fowl (wild or domestic) used as food)
- 3. dame, doll, wench, skirt, chick, bird -- (informal terms for a (young) woman)
- 4. boo, hoot, Bronx cheer, hiss, raspberry, razzing, razz, snort, bird -- (a cry or noise made to express displeasure or contempt)
- 5. shuttlecock, bird, birdie, shuttle -- (badminton equipment consisting of a ball of cork or rubber with a crown of feathers)
- The verb bird has 1 sense (no senses from tagged texts)
- 1. bird, birdwatch -- (watch and study birds in their natural habitat)

Role of Semantic Knowledge

Mary eats noodles with a fork.

Mary eats noodles with John.

Ram eats noodles with vegetables.

A demon eats noodles with a goat.

ins(eat(icl>do), fork(icl>thing))
cag(eat(icl>do),John)
cob(eat(icl>do),vegetable.@pl)
 cob?? Or cag??

Semantic Attributes are used to solve such PP-Attachment ambiguities and decide UNL relations.

Example:

The words in above sentences are classified as follows:

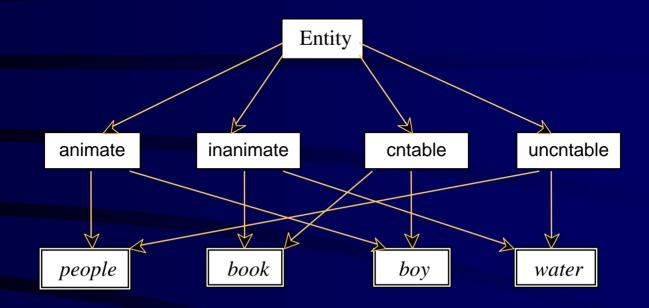
Fork is classified under inanimate things that can be used as instruments.

Mary and John are classified as animate things that are humans and Omnivores.

Demon is similarly classified as animate things that are Omnivores.

Noodles and vegetables are classified as inanimate things that are edible.

Ontology for enriching Lexicon



Add attributes to the lexicon by traversing the DAG

```
[people]{}"people(icl>community)"(N,ANI,UNCNT)<E,0,0>
[book]{}"book(icl>thing)"(N,INANI,CNT)<E,0,0>
[boy]{}"boy(icl>human)"(N,ANI,CNT)<E,0,0>
[water]{}"water(icl>fluid)"(N,INANI,UNCNT)<E,0,0>
```

Current potential of the System

```
The soldier went away to the totally deserted desert to desert the house in the desert
               _____UNL ========
:The soldier went away to the totally deserted desert to desert the house in the desert
[S]
mod(deserted(icl>vacant):11,total(icl>complete):0T)
aoj(deserted(icl>vacant):11,desert(icl>landscape):1A.@def)
plc(go(icl>event):0C.@entry.@past.@pred,away(icl>logical place):0H)
obj(desert(icl>do):1K.@present.@pred,house(icl>place):1V.@def)
plc(desert(icl>do):1K.@present.@pred,desert(icl>landscape):28.@def)
plt(go(icl>event):0C.@entry.@past.@pred,desert(icl>landscape):1A.@def)
pur(go(icl>event):0C.@entry.@past.@pred.desert(icl>do):1K.@present.@pred)
agt(go(icl>event):0C.@entry.@past.@pred,soldier(icl>human):04.@def)
[/S]
```

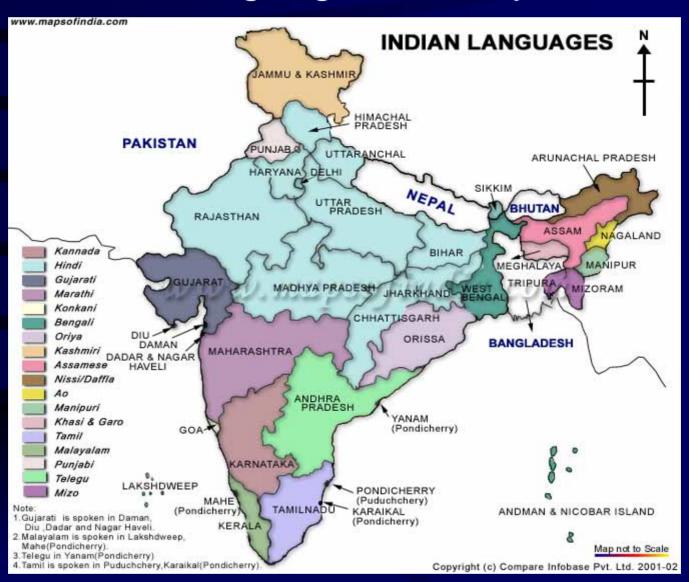
Hindi Wordnet at IIT Bombay

Current Team:

Pushpak Bhattacharyya, Prabhakar Pande, Laxmi Kashyap, Devendra Kairwan, Salil Joshi, Arun Karthikeyan, Prachur Goel

and many previous PhD, Masters and Bachelor Students and Research Staff

Great Language Diversity of India



Languages and the speaker population

Language	Population (2001 census; rounded to most significant digit)		
Hindi	450, 000, 000		
Marathi	72, 000, 000		
Konkani	7, 000, 000		
Sanskrit	6000		
Nepali	13, 000, 000		

Languages and the speaker population (contd.)

Language	Population (2001 census; rounded to most significant digit)		
Kashmiri	5, 000, 000		
Assamese	13, 000, 000		
Tamil	60, 000, 000		
Malayalam	33, 000, 000		
Bodo	1, 000, 000		
Manipuri	1, 000, 000 ombay 17		

Major Language Processing Initiatives

- Mostly from the Government: Ministry of IT, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Science and Technology
- Recently great drive from the industry: NLP efforts with Indian language in focus
 - Google, Microsoft, IBM Research Lab
 - Yahoo, TCS

IIT Bombay Natural Language Processing Group heavily supported by Government and Industry

What is Hindi Wordnet

- Wordnet A lexical database
- Hindi Wordnet Inspired by the English WordNet
- Built conceptually
- Synsets or the Synonymy Sets are the basic building blocks
- Different organizing principles for different syntactic categories

Example Entry in Hindi Wordnet

- Gloss
 - Text definition

```
(siingwaalaa eka shaakaahaarii maadaa choupaayaa)
(a horny, herbivorous, four-legged female animal)
```

Example sentence

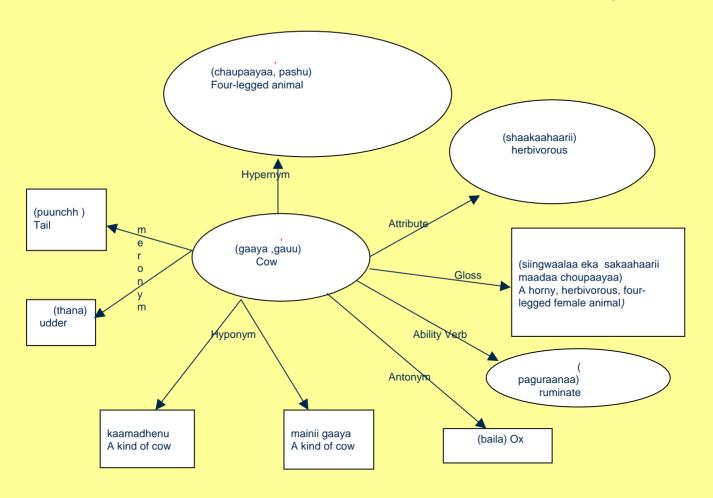
(hinduu loga gaaya ko go maataa kahate hain evam usakii puujaa karate hain) (The Hindus considers cow as mother and worship it.)

IIT Bombay

Relations in Wordnet

- Synonymy
- Hypernymy / Hyponymy
- Antonymy
- Meronymy / Holonymy
- Gradation
- Entailment
- Troponymy

WordNet Sub-Graph: Hindi



Statistics

Synsets	33500
Unique Words	80400
Related Synsets	33500
Hindi-English Linked Synsets	13000
Hits	260000

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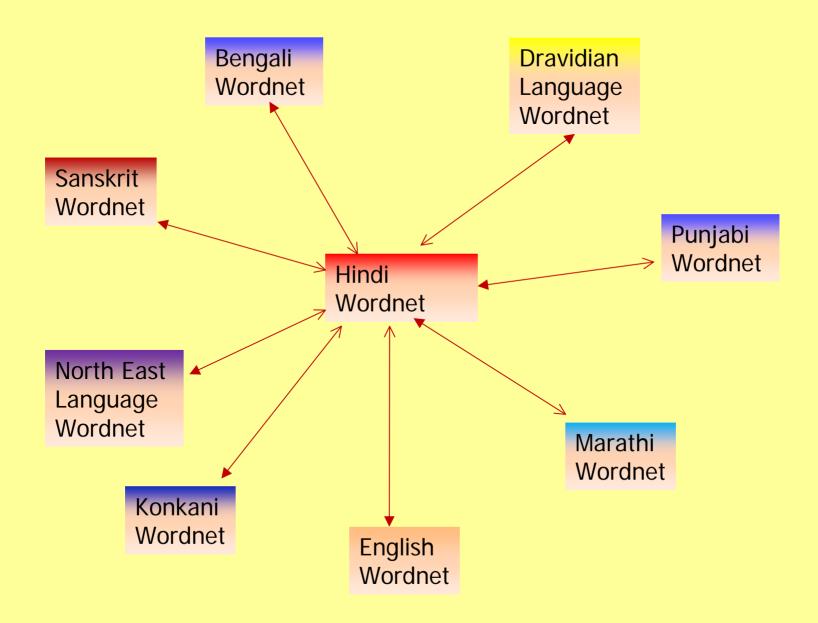
Impact, Use and Visibility of Hindi Wordnet

- Free download with API under GPL
- Available from LDC (linguistics data consortium), Upenn: topmost linguistic data repository in the worlds
- Commercial license purchased by Google for work on Indian language search engine
- Discussions on with Microsoft, Inforsys
- To be available from ELRA: language data repository of Europe
- Available from LDC-IL: LDC of India

Impact, Use and Visibility of created resources (continued)

- Daily reference form all over the world
- More than 2 Lakh hits so far since 2006
- More than 3000 downloads
- Pivot for wordnets of many Indian languages
- Base resource used by many researchers for IL work on translation, summarization, cross lingual search

Hindi Wordnet giving rise to other Indian Language wordnets



Linked wordnets

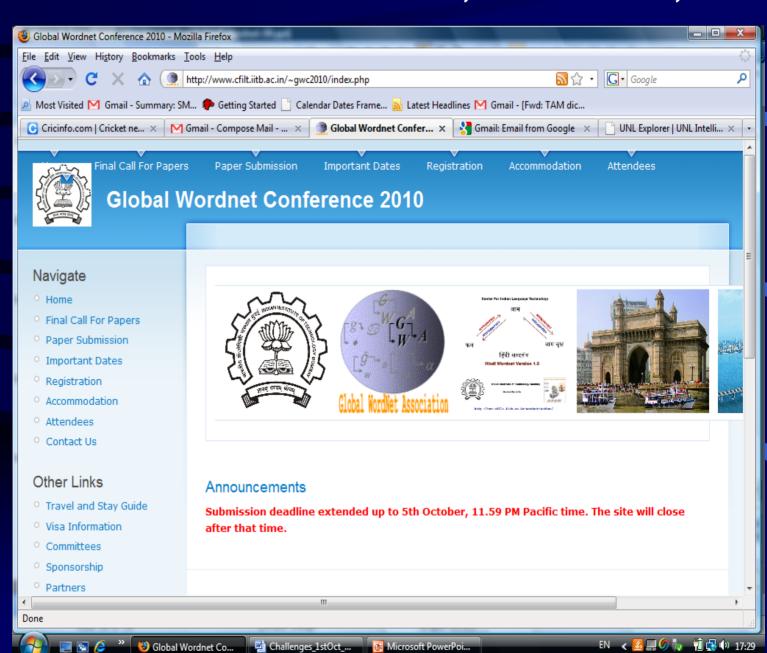
- Immense Lexical Resource
- Great benefits to machine translation, cross lingual search
- Very useful for language teaching, pedagogy, comparative linguistics
- Akin to Eurowordnet, but critical differences due to typical Indian language characteristics

Pan-India Dictionary Standard based

Senses	Hindi	Marathi (1)	Bangali	Oriya	Tamil
(W ₁ , W ₂ , W ₃ , W ₄ , W ₅ , W ₆)	(W ₁ , W ₂ , W ₃ , W ₄ , W ₅ , W ₆)	(W_1, W_2, W_3)	(W ₁ , W ₂ , W ₃)	(W ₁ , W ₂ , W ₃ , W ₄)	(W ₁ , W ₂ , W ₃)
(sun)	(सूर्य, सूरज, भानु, भास्कर, प्रभाकर, दनिकर, अंशुमान, अंशुमाली)	(सूर्य, भानु, दिवाकर, भास्कर, रवि, दिनिश, दिनमणी)	•••	•••	•••
(cub, lad, laddie, sonny, sonny boy)	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•••	•••	•••
(son, boy)	·	, , , IIT) Bombay	•••	•••	28

International Global Wordnet Conference, Jan 31-Feb 4, 10

A major
International
Event
Granted to
IIT Bombay
Because of
The success
Of Hindi
Wordnet



Conclusion

- It important to represent words accurately and with rich information
- Multifarious fundamental applications:
 - 1. Information Extraction
 - 2. Machine Translation on the internet
 - 3. Text Mining
 - 4. Cross Lingual Search

(PTO.)

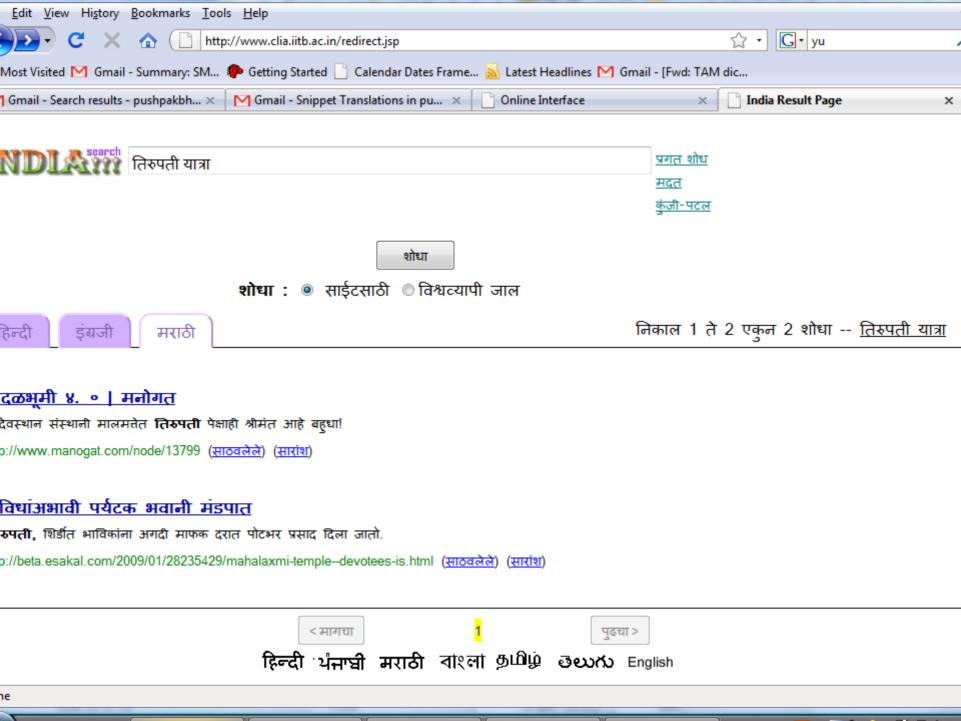
Cross Lingual Search Portal

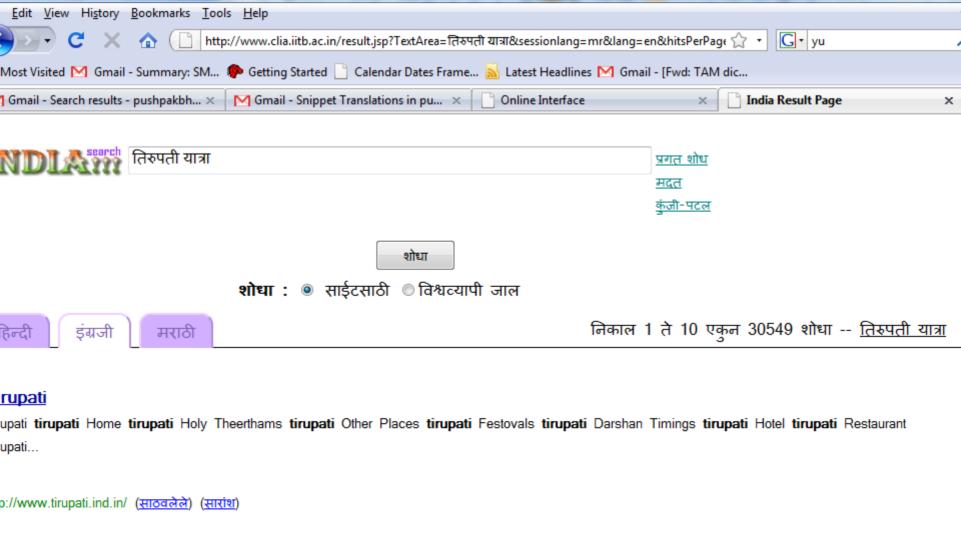
- www.clia.iitb.ac.in
- तरुपती यात्रा
- Multiinstitute Nation wide consortium project (IITs, ISI, Jadavpur, Anna University, CDAC)



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<u>rupati</u>

upati festivals This Vaishnavite shrine is agog with excitement and activity during festivals such as Vaikunta Ekadasi ,... tirupati means ' Lord...

p://www.madrasi.info/tirupati.html (<u>साठवलेले</u>) (<u>सारांश</u>)

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